Englische Zeiten - Test - Lösungen

A - Setze die in Klammern stehenden Verben in die Lücke.

- 1. I sometimes <u>go</u> to the cinema. (to go)
- 2. Yesterday our teacher __was_ ill. (to be)
- 3. It __will not rain_ in the West the next night. (not/to rain) auch richtig: won't rain
- 4. Listen! The baby <u>is crying</u> (to cry) auch richtig: 's crying
- 5. We __are going to ride__ our bikes soon. (to ride) auch richtig: 're going to ride
- 6. My father <u>has not cleaned</u> the family car. It still looks dirty. (not/to clean) auch richtig: <u>hasn't cleaned</u>
- 7. On Sundays the students <u>do not get up</u> early. (not/to get up) auch richtig: <u>don't get up</u>
- 8. <u>Have you ever visited</u> Wales? (ever/you/to visit)
- 9. We __are feeding__ the pets now. (to feed) auch richtig: 're feeding
- 10. They <u>wrote</u> an essay last month. (to write)

B - Welche Antworten sind richtig?

- 1. Was sind typische Signalwörter für das Simple Present?
- a) yesterday
- b) just
- c) sometimes
- d) every day
- e) at the moment
- f) often
- 2. Was sind typische Signalwörter für das Simple Past?
- a) <u>yesterday</u>
- b) ever
- c) now
- d) three days ago
- e) <u>in 1995</u>
- f) last month
- 3. Was sind typische Signalwörter für das Present Perfect?
- a) just
- b) already
- c) <u>yet</u>
- d) Look!
- e) usually
- f) two hours ago
- 4. Was sind typische Signalwörter für das Present Progressive?
- a) next week
- b) <u>Listen!</u>
- c) never
- d) at the moment
- e) yesterday
- f) now

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5. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im Simple Present?

- a) He is from Japan.
- b) We are not going to feed the pets.
- c) Anne does not play chess.
- d) We play soccer every weekend.
- e) She is listening to an audio book.
- f) Do they go for a walk?

6. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im Simple Past?

- a) I lived in Odessa from 1985 to 1986.
- b) Emily has just come home from school.
- c) They play tennis every Friday afternoon.
- d) There will be some rain in the East.
- e) Did you phone me last night?
- f) Yesterday my friend invited me to his party.

7. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im Present Perfect?

- a) We aren't phoning now.
- b) I have a brother.
- c) She hasn't visited her uncle for half a year.
- d) Have you ever been to Edinburgh?
- e) Last year I was in Salt Lake City.
- f) I've forgotten my homework.

8. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im Present Progressive?

- a) Wait a moment! I'll carry this box for you.
- b) I'm making a cheese cake right now.
- c) Last year we were in France.
- d) Have you already had a cup of tea yet?
- e) Are you cleaning the floor?
- f) Are you from New Zealand?

9. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im will-future?

- a) He'll never make it.
- b) We won't be at your party.
- c) Does this train leave from platform 12?
- d) They are coming to the party.
- e) Pat is not going to fly to Paris in May.
- f) I think Sue will arrive at 6 o'clock.

10. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im going to-future?

- a) Are they in the school choir?
- b) Are they going to look for a present?
- c) She has never been to Africa.
- d) The teacher is checking the homework.
- e) I am not going to send a text message to Bob.
- f) Christine is going to walk to town.

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C - Welche Form ist i	richtig?		
1.a) we is playingb) we are plaingc) we are playing			Andy runs Andy runs Andy rans
a) he sungb) he singedc) he sang			Max tries Max trys Max try
3.a) <u>Susan has written</u>b) Susan have written		8. a) <i>b)</i>	she understanded she understood
4. a) I were b) I was		b)	you are been <u>you have been</u> you has been
a) they beb) they will be			it is going to rain it are going to rain it is rain
D - Bilde mit folgend angegebenen Zeitfor	_	jah	ten Aussagesatz in der
they / to play / cards			
1. Simple Present	They play cards.		
2. Simple Past	They played cards.		
3. Present Progressive	They are playing cards. auch richtig: They're playing cards.		
4. Present Perfect	They have played cards. auch richtig: They've played cards.		
5. will-future	They will play cards. auch richtig: They'll play cards.		
6. going to-future	They are going to play cards. auch richtig: They're going to play cards.		
E - Schreibe die Sätz nachdem was <u>nicht</u> d		enu	ıtze die Kurz- oder Langform, je
1. She's not from Cardiff.	She is not from Cardiff.		
2. We are reading a novel.	We're reading a novel		

3. They have booked a flight.

4. I'll carry this bag for you.

5. He did not make breakfast.

8. It will not be windy tonight.

9. He's wearing an old shirt.

10. We don't like fish.

6. You aren't going to learn the poem.

7. She hasn't played the trumpet.

<u>They've booked a flight.</u>

I will carry this bag for you.

You are not going to learn the poem.

She has not played the trumpet.

<u>He didn't make breakfast.</u>

<u>It won't be windy tonight.</u>

<u>He is wearing an old shirt.</u>

<u>We do not like fish.</u>

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F - Verneine die vorgegebenen Sätze.

1. Tony arrived in Chicago at 11.30.	Tony did not arrive in Chicago at 11.30. auch richtig:		
	Tony didn't arrive in Chicago at 11.30.		
2. We are cleaning the kitchen.	We are not cleaning the kitchen. auch richtig:		
<u>-</u>	We aren't cleaning the kitchen.		
3. The shop assistant has checked	The shop assistant has not checked the cash register.		
the cash register. auch richtig:	The shop assistant hasn't checked the cash register.		
4. The train leaves from platform 7.	The train does not leave from platform 7. auch richtig:		
	The train doesn't leave from platform 7.		
5. Susan likes cheese.	Susan does not like cheese. auch richtig:		
	Susan doesn't like cheese.		
6. You'll like this village.	You won't like this village. auch richtig:		
-	You will not like this village.		
7. They are going to buy a cheap car.	They are not going to buy a cheap car. auch richtig:		
	They aren't going to buy a cheap car.		
8. He has invited Andy to his party.	He has not invited Andy to his party auch richtig:		
	He hasn't invited Andy to his party.		
9. Mary was late.	Mary was not late auch richtig:		
	Mary wasn't late.		
10. Mel will be 14 next Sunday.	Mel will not be 14 next Sunday. auch richtig:		
	Mel won't be 14 next Sunday.		