Englische Zeiten - Test

A - Setze die in Klammern stehenden Verben in die Lücke.
1. I sometimes ______________________________ to the cinema. (to go)
2. Yesterday our teacher ______________________________ ill. (to be)
3. It ______________________________ in the West the next night. (not/to rain)
4. Listen! The baby ______________________________ . (to cry)
5. We ______________________________ our bikes soon. (to ride)
6. My father ______________________________ the family car. It still looks dirty. (not/to clean)
7. On Sundays the students ______________________________ early. (not/to get up)
8. ______________________________ Wales? (ever/you/to visit)
9. We ______________________________ the pets now. (to feed)
10. They ______________________________ an essay last month. (to write)

B - Welche Antworten sind richtig?

1. Was sind typische Signalwörter für das Simple Present?
   a) yesterday
   b) just
   c) sometimes
   d) every day
   e) at the moment
   f) often

2. Was sind typische Signalwörter für das Simple Past?
   a) yesterday
   b) ever
   c) now
   d) three days ago
   e) in 1995
   f) last month

3. Was sind typische Signalwörter für das Present Perfect?
   a) just
   b) already
   c) yet
   d) Look!
   e) usually
   f) two hours ago

4. Was sind typische Signalwörter für das Present Progressive?
   a) next week
   b) Listen!
   c) never
   d) at the moment
   e) yesterday
   f) now
5. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im Simple Present?
   a) He is from Japan.
   b) We are not going to feed the pets.
   c) Anne does not play chess.
   d) We play soccer every weekend.
   e) She is listening to an audio book.
   f) Do they go for a walk?

6. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im Simple Past?
   a) I lived in Odessa from 1985 to 1986.
   b) Emily has just come home from school.
   c) They play tennis every Friday afternoon.
   d) There will be some rain in the East.
   e) Did you phone me last night?
   f) Yesterday my friend invited me to his party.

7. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im Present Perfect?
   a) We aren't phoning now.
   b) I have a brother.
   c) She hasn't visited her uncle for half a year.
   d) Have you ever been to Edinburgh?
   e) Last year I was in Salt Lake City.
   f) I've forgotten my homework.

8. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im Present Progressive?
   a) I'm making a cheese cake right now.
   b) I'm making a cheese cake right now.
   c) Last year we were in France.
   d) Have you already had a cup of tea yet?
   e) Are you cleaning the floor?
   f) Are you from New Zealand?

9. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im will-future?
   a) He'll never make it.
   b) We won't be at your party.
   c) Does this train leave from platform 12?
   d) They are coming to the party.
   e) Pat is not going to fly to Paris in May.
   f) I think Sue will arrive at 6 o'clock.

10. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im going to-future?
    a) Are they in the school choir?
    b) Are they going to look for a present?
    c) She has never been to Africa.
    d) The teacher is checking the homework.
    e) I am not going to send a text message to Bob.
    f) Christine is going to walk to town.
C - Welche Form ist richtig?

1. a) we is playing  
   b) we are plaing  
   c) we are playing

2. a) he sung  
   b) he singed  
   c) he sang

3. a) Susan has written  
   b) Susan have written

4. a) I were  
   b) I was

5. a) they be  
   b) they will be

6. a) Andy run  
   b) Andy runs  
   c) Andy rans

7. a) Max tries  
   b) Max trys  
   c) Max try

8. a) she understood  
   b) she understood

9. a) you are been  
   b) you have been  
   c) you has been

10. a) it is going to rain  
    b) it are going to rain  
    c) it is rain

D - Bilde mit folgenden Wörtern einen bejahnten Aussagesatz in der angegebenen Zeitform.

they / to play / cards

1. Simple Present
   ___________________________

2. Simple Past
   ___________________________

3. Present Progressive
   ___________________________

4. Present Perfect
   ___________________________

5. will-future
   ___________________________

6. going to-future
   ___________________________

E - Schreibe die Sätze noch einmal und benutze die Kurz- oder Langform, je nachdem was nicht dasteht.

1. She's not from Cardiff.  ___________________________

2. We are reading a novel. ___________________________

3. They have booked a flight. ___________________________

4. I'll carry this bag for you. ___________________________

5. He did not make breakfast. ___________________________

6. You aren't going to learn the poem. ___________________________

7. She hasn't played the trumpet. ___________________________

8. It will not be windy tonight. ___________________________

9. He's wearing an old shirt. ___________________________

10. We don't like fish. ___________________________
F - Verneine die vorgegebenen Sätze.

1. Tony arrived in Chicago at 11.30.
2. We are cleaning the kitchen.
3. The shop assistant has checked the cash register.
4. The train leaves from platform 7.
5. Susan likes cheese.
6. You’ll like this village.
7. They are going to buy a cheap car.
8. He has invited Andy to his party.
9. Mary was late.
10. Mel will be 14 next Sunday.